What is claimed is:

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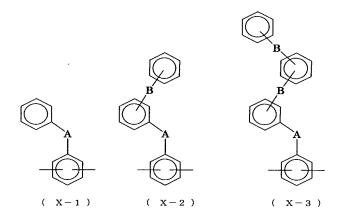
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1. A polymer electrolyte comprising a sulfonated product of a polymer shown by the following general formula (I):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[x \right]_{x} \left[y \right]_{y} \left[z \right]_{z} \dots (I)$$

wherein X represents at least one structure selected from structures shown by the following formulas (X-1), (X-2), and (X-3), Y represents at least one structure selected from structures shown by the following formulas (Y-1) to (Y-12), Z represents at least one structure selected from structures shown by the following formulas (Z-1) and (Z-2), X, Y, and Z being bonded randomly, alternately, or in blocks, y represents an integer of two or more, and each of x and z represents an integer of zero or more, where x + z > 2,



wherein A represents an electron-withdrawing group, and B represents an electron-donating group,

$$-\mathbf{Ar} - \mathbf{N} \subset \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{W} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{N} - \mathbf{Ar} - \mathbf{V}$$

$$(Y-5)$$

$$(R)_{p}$$

$$(R)_{p}$$

$$(R)_{p}$$

$$(Y-6)$$

$$(R)_{p}$$

$$(Y-6)$$

$$(R)_{p}$$

$$(Y-7)$$

$$(Y-7)$$

$$(Y-8)$$

$$(Y-9)$$

$$(Y-10)$$

$$(Y-11)$$

$$(Y-12)$$

wherein A represents an electron-withdrawing group, Ar represents a divalent group including an aromatic ring, Ar' represents a tetravalent group including an aromatic ring,

R represents a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group, W represents an electron-withdrawing group or an electron-donating group, p represents an integer of 0 to 4, and q represents an integer of 1 to 1000,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & A \\
\hline
 & B \\
\hline
 & M \\
\hline
 & (Z-2)
\end{array}$$

wherein A represents an electron-withdrawing group, B represents an electron-donating group, and m represents an integer of 0 to 200.

2. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 1, comprising a sulfonated product of a polymer shown by the following general formula (1):

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wherein X represents at least one structure selected from the structures shown by the formulas (X-1), (X-2), and (X-3), Y represents at least one structure selected from the structures shown by the formulas (Y-1) to (Y-12), X and Y being bonded randomly, alternately, or in blocks, and each of x and y represents an integer of two or more.

3. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 1, comprising a sulfonated product of a polymer shown by the following general formula (2):

$$- \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right]_{\mathbf{y}} \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Z} \end{array} \right]_{\mathbf{z}} \quad \dots \quad (2)$$

wherein X represents at least one structure selected from the structures shown by the formulas (Y-1) to (Y-12), Z represents at least one structure selected from the structures

shown by the formulas (Z-1) and (Z-2), Y and Z being bonded randomly, alternately, or in blocks, and each of y and z represents an integer of two or more.

4. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 1, comprising a sulfonated product of a polymer shown by the following general formula (3):

wherein X represents at least one structure selected from the structures shown by the formulas (X-1), (X-2), and (X-3), Y represents at least one structure selected from the structures shown by the formulas (Y-1) to (Y-12), Z represents at least one structure selected from the structures shown by the formulas (Z-1) and (Z-2), X, Y, and Z being bonded randomly, alternately, or in blocks, and each of x, y, and z represents an integer of two or more.

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- 5. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 1, comprising a sulfonic acid group in an amount of 0.5 to 3.0 meq/g.
- 6. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 2, comprising a sulfonic acid group in an amount of 0.5 to 3.0 meq/g.
 - 7. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 3, comprising a sulfonic acid group in an amount of 0.5 to 3.0 meg/g.
 - 8. The polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 4, comprising a sulfonic acid group in an amount of 0.5 to 3.0 meq/g.

- 9. A proton-conducting membrane comprising the polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 1.
- 10. A proton-conducting membrane comprising the polymer electrolyte as defined in claim 5.
 - 11. A membrane electrode assembly comprising a pair of electrodes and an electrolyte membrane held between the electrodes, the electrodes and the electrolyte membrane being integrally bonded,

wherein the electrolyte membrane comprises a polymer shown by the following general formula (I):

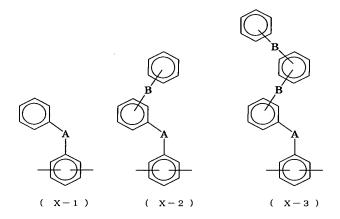
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & x \\
 & x \\
\hline
 & x \\
 &$$

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wherein X represents at least one structure selected from structures shown by the following formulas (X-1), (X-2), and (X-3), Y represents at least one structure selected from structures shown by the following formulas (Y-1) to (Y-12), Z represents at least one structure selected from structures shown by the following formulas (Z-1) and (Z-2), X, Y, and Z being bonded randomly, alternately, or in blocks, y represents an integer of two or more, and each of x and z represents an integer of zero or more, where x + z > 2,



wherein A represents an electron-withdrawing group, and B represents an electron-donating group,

$$(R)_{p} \qquad (R)_{p} \qquad (Y-5)$$

$$(R)_{p} \qquad (R)_{p} \qquad (Y-6)$$

$$(R)_{p} \qquad (Y-6)$$

$$(R)_{p} \qquad (Y-7)$$

$$(R)_{p} \qquad (Y-7)$$

$$(Y-7)$$

$$(Y-8)$$

$$(Y-8)$$

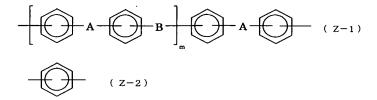
$$(Y-9)$$

$$(Y-10)$$

$$(Y-11)$$

$$(Y-12)$$

wherein A represents an electron-withdrawing group, Ar represents a divalent group including an aromatic ring, Ar' represents a tetravalent group including an aromatic ring, R represents a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group, W represents an electron-withdrawing group or an electron-donating group, p represents an integer of 0 to 4, and q represents an integer of 1 to 1000,



wherein A represents an electron-withdrawing group, B represents an electron-donating group, and m represents an integer of 0 to 200.